

Year 5 Curriculum Overview								
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
	Domestic church family: Ourselves.		Local church community:		Pentecost serving: Transformation			
RE	Who am I?		Mission		How can energy tra	How can energy transform?		
	Baptism/ confirmat	ion belonging:	Do we all have a	mission in	Reconciliation Inte	r-relating:		
	Life choices. Is comi	mitment	life?		Freedom & responsibility			
	important?		Eucharist relatin	g: Memorial	How do rules bring	freedom?		
	Other Faith: Juda	ism	sacrifice		Other Faith: Sikhisr	n		
	Advent/ Christmas loving: Hope		Why do we need		Universal Church world:			
	What does it mean to live in hope?		Lent/Easter givii	_	Stewardship. Can I be a steward of			
			Why do we need to make		creation?			
			sacrifices?					
	'Cosmic' by	'The Buried	'Kensuke's	'Mr William	'Ma'at's Feather'	'Double Act'		
English	Frank Cottrell-	Crown' by	Kingdom' by	Shakespeare's	by	by		
Texts/Writing	Boyce	Ally Sherrick	Michael	Plays' by	Juliet Desailly	Jacqueline Wilson		
Genres			Morpurgo	Marcia Williams				
	Character	Setting				Play-scripts,		
	descriptions,	descriptions,	Adventure	Narrative poems,	0 ,.	Persuasive writing,		
	Haiku poems,	Poetry by heart,	narrative,	Themed poems,	messages,	Diaries,		
	diary entries,	Recounts,	Ship's log	Shakespearean	Poetic	Performance		
	formal speech,	Chronological	entries,	word-play,	incantations,	poetry,		
	information	report,	Character	Biography,	Traditional	Non-chronological		
	leaflet, fact-file,	Letters, Precis of longer	profiles, Sea shanties,	Information text, Recount.	narrative, Glossary,	report, Balanced		
	chronological	passages.	Non-	Necount.	Explanation text.	comparison text.		
	comic strip.	passages.	chronological		Explanation text.	companson text.		
			reports,					













English Grammar Brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis. To use expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information To use hyphens beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (i.e. omitted) relative pronoun. Understand linking devices across public consision including To use build cohesion including To use expanded noun phrases to expanded noun phrases to clarify meaning or adjectives into verbs. To use of relative clauses beginning with verbs. To embed the use of relative clauses beginning with who, which, who, which, where, when, who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (i.e. omitted) To use the parenthesis. To use the parenthesis. To use the parenthesis. To master and paragraphs to build cohesion including To use commas to clarify meaning or adjectives into verbs. To embed the use of relative clauses beginning or adjectives into vocabulary, grammar and punctuation in their writing to enhance effects and verb (i.e. omitted) relative pronoun. To use a colon to introduce a list. To revise, understand and use the terms:				Weather reports.			
adverbials of time, place and number. Spell some words with silent letters. Dash To spell words with the suffixes: 'cious', 'c	——————————————————————————————————————	or commas to indicate parenthesis. Relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (i.e. omitted) relative pronoun. Understand linking devices across paragraphs to build cohesion including adverbials of time, place and number. Spell some words	expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely. To use brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis. To master and deepen the use of direct speech (including punctuation within and surrounding inverted	to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity. To use hyphens to avoid ambiguity. To use the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause. To use modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility. To spell words with the	nouns or adjectives into verbs. To ensure correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural, distinguishing between the language of speech and writing and choosing the appropriate register. To use the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of	of relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (i.e. omitted) relative pronoun. To use a colon to introduce a list. To punctuate bullet points consistently. To spell words ending in 'ent', 'ence', ency' 'ant', 'ance' 'ancy' To distinguish between homophones and	changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation in their writing to enhance effects and clarify meaning. To revise, understand and use the terms: • Modal verb • Relative pronoun • Relative clause • Parenthesis • Bracket • Dash • Cohesion















	Spell words with further prefixes and suffixes and understand the guidance for adding them, such as: the letter string 'ough' and ending in 'ible', and 'able'.	To understand verb prefixes. To use knowledge of morphology and etymology in spelling and understand that the spelling of some words needs to be learnt specifically, as listed in appendix 1. To be able to spell words ending in 'ibly', 'ably'. To spell words with the 'ee' sound spelt 'ei'.	'tious', 'cial', 'tial' To spell words with silent letters, or are often confused	To spell homophones and other words that are easily confused such as verbs ending in 'se' and nouns ending in 'ce'. To spell further words ending in 'ent', 'ence', ency' 'ant', 'ance' 'ancy' To spell further words with double letters.	are often confused. To spell homophones e.g. allowed aloud guessed guest passed past. To spell words with double letters such as: embarrass excellent exaggerate especially interrupt.	To spell words using knowledge of morphology and etymology to understand that the spelling of some words needs to be learnt specifically, as listed in Appendix 1 To use further prefixes and suffixes and understand the guidance for adding them
Maths	Number and place value:	Calculations – multiplication and division:	Fractions, Decimals and Percentages: Fractions	Fractions, Decimals and Percentages: Decimals	Geometry – Position and Direction:	Measurement: Area and perimeter















D 1: :::				n	
Reading, writing,	Multiplying by			Position and	Measuring area.
comparing and	10, 100 and	Dividing to	Comparing	<u>Movement</u>	Estimating area.
rounding numbers	1000	make fractions.	decimals.		
to	Multiplying by	Writing	Writing fractions	Naming and	Measurement:
100 000.	2, 3, 4 digit	improper	as decimals.	plotting points.	<u>Volume</u>
Making number	numbers.	fractions and	Adding and	Describing	
patterns.	Dividing by 10,	mixed	subtracting	translations	Understanding
	100 and 1000	numbers.	decimals.	Describing	and finding the
Calculations –	Dividing with	Finding	Rounding	movements.	volume of solids.
addition and	and without a	equivalent	decimals.	Successive	Finding the
subtraction:	Remainder.	fractions.		reflections.	volume of
Counting on to		Comparing and	Fractions,		rectangular boxes.
add.	Calculations –	ordering	Decimals and	Measurement:	Converting units of
Adding within 1	word	fractions,	Percentages:	Measurements	volume.
000 000	problems:	mixed numbers	Comparing		Solving word
Counting	Solving multi-	and improper	quantities.	Converting units	problems involving
backwards to	step word	fractions.	Finding	of length.	volume.
subtract.	problems, with	Making	percentages.	Converting units	
Subtracting within	bar models.	number pairs.		of mass.	Number and Place
1 000 000		Adding,	Geometry –	Converting units	Value: Roman
Adding and	Statistics:	subtracting and	Properties of	of time.	Numerals
Subtracting within	Graphs	multiplying	Shapes:	Telling the	
1 000 000	Reading tables.	fractions.	Geometry	temperature.	Writing Roman
	Reading line		Knowing and		numerals to 1000.
Calculations –	graphs.	Fractions,	measuring	Measurement:	Writing years in
multiplication and		Decimals and	angles.	Area and	Roman numerals.
division:		Percentages:	Investigating	<u>perimeter</u>	
Finding Multiples,		Decimals	angles on a line /		
factors, common			at a point.	Finding perimeter.	

















	factors, prime, composite, squared and cubed numbers.		Read and write decimals. Comparing tenths and hundredths.	Drawing lines / angles. Describing squares and rectangles. Investigating angles in squares and rectangles. Solving problems involving angles. Investigating regular polygons.	Using Scale Diagrams to Find the Perimeter.	
Colomos	Earth and space:	Light:	Forces:	Forces:	Animals including	Living things and
Science	Solar system and	Explore how	Gravity -	Simple machines	humans:	their habitats:
	planetary orbits. How ideas have	light appears to travel.	Explain why	- Gears, levers	Describe how	Describe the differences
			objects fall to Earth.	and pulleys.	humans change as	between the life
	changed over time. How the	How objects need to reflect	Know about	How mechanisms	they age.	cycles of:
	Moon moves	light to be	the effects of	allow a smaller		A mammal.
	relative to the	visible.	air resistance,	force to have a		A bird.
	Earth. The shape	Explain how we	water	greater effect.		An insect.
	and phases of the	are able to see	resistance and	g. career careers		An amphibian.
	Moon, Sun and	things because	friction.			'
	Earth. Explain how	of light				Describe the
	day turns into	travelling.				reproductive cycle
	night.	Explain why				of a plant.
		shadows are				Describe the
		the same shape				reproductive cycle















		as the objects that cast them.				of an animal.
Computing						
History/Geography						
Art/DT	Art – Charcoal and oil pastels of moon and mixed media of planets / aliens, including textiles.	DT – Using CAD design to make textile items (WW2 making own clothes).	DT - Mechanical Systems pulleys and Gears POAP Pulleys or Gears.	Art – Sketches, landscape drawings.	DT- Sarcophagus, jewellery and clay Canopic jars.	Art Painting with a focus on the artist Jackson Pollock.
Music						
PE						
French						















PHSE			











